22.—Principal and Total Liabilities of each of the Chartered Banks of Canada, Dec. 31, 1932.

Bank.	Capital (paid up).	Rest or Reserve Fund.	Notes in Circulation.	Due to Dominion and to Provincial Governments.	Letters of Credit Outstanding.
	$	$	$	$	$
Bank of Montreal	36,000,000	38,000,000	32,327,903	21,169,173	6,214,105
Bank of Nova Scotia	12,000,000	24,000,000	11,079,008	8,176,901	4,834,757
Bank of Toronto	6,000,000	9,000,000	5,794,424	1,993,597	663,812
Banque Provinciale du Canada	4,000,000	1,500,000	3,528,788	673,443	11,798
Canadian Bank of Commerce	30,000,000	30,000,000	22,811,924	11,291,719	11,011,724
Royal Bank of Canada	35,000,000	35,000,000	28,937,990	16,260,407	17,714,691
Dominion Bank	7,000,000	9,000,000	5,832,230	4,685,977	1,260,393
Banque Canadienne Nationale	7,000,000	7,000,000	8,950,959	3,018,272	244,223
Imperial Bank of Canada	7,000,000	8,000,000	7,555,853	4,350,716	673,591
Barclays Bank (Canada)	500,000	500,000	255,745	420,918	15,776
Totals	**144,500,000**	**162,000,000**	**127,074,824**	**72,041,123**	**42,634,870**

Bank.	Deposits. Demand in Canada.	Deposits. Notice in Canada.	Deposits. Outside of Canada.	Due to other Banks.	Total Liabilities.[1]
	$	$	$	$	$
Bank of Montreal	128,369,196	393,332,899	73,615,105	10,428,379	750,233,813
Bank of Nova Scotia	28,230,878	132,355,345	34,366,448	5,149,052	264,335,892
Bank of Toronto	21,306,509	60,625,680	-	1,490,451	108,574,736
Banque Provinciale du Canada	3,907,009	31,358,638	-	31,459	46,118,408
Canadian Bank of Commerce	102,723,479	287,089,114	46,967,202	11,567,094	560,500,330
Royal Bank of Canada	113,717,940	258,243,690	170,536,362	24,125,020	725,074,089
Dominion Bank	28,130,428	61,350,952	1,893,288	1,522,038	122,606,264
Banque Canadienne Nationale	16,767,968	80,054,064	1,346,689	936,423	132,327,159
Imperial Bank of Canada	21,980,688	72,306,113	-	2,775,343	126,234,902
Barclays Bank (Canada)	1,078,672	803,620	-	3,093,195	6,751,930
Totals	**466,212,767**	**1,377,520,115**	**328,725,094**	**61,118,454**	**2,842,757,523**

[1] Includes other liabilities.

Bank Amalgamations and Insolvencies.—Two tables follow which may be of interest to students of Canadian banking history. The first, showing bank insolvencies since 1867, gives the capital paid up, reserves, assets and liabilities of insolvent banks, and shows also the payments to noteholders and depositors. In the majority of cases, both these classes of creditors have received payment in full. The table of bank absorptions gives the dates of absorption of the 36 banks which were incorporated with other institutions from 1867 to 1932.

23.—Bank Insolvencies in Canada since 1867.

Name.	Date of Suspension.		Paid-up Capital.	Reserve Fund.	Liabilities.	Assets.	Paid to— Noteholders.	Paid to— Depositors.
			$	$	$	$	p.c.	p.c.
Commercial Bank of N.B.	—	1868	600,000	-	671,420	1,222,454	100	100
Bank of Acadia[1]	April,	1873	100,000	-	106,914	213,846	-	-
Metropolitan Bank	Oct.	1876	800,170	-	293,379	779,225	100	100
Mechanics' Bank	May,	1879	194,794	-	547,238	721,155	57½	57¼
Bank of Liverpool	Oct.,	1879	370,548	-	136,480	207,877	100	96⁶/₁₇
Consolidated Bank of Canada	Aug.,	1879	2,080,920	-	1,794,249	3,077,202	100	100
Stadacona Bank	July,	1879	991,890	-	341,500	1,355,675	100	100
Bank of Prince Ed. Island	Nov. 28,	1881	120,000	45,000	1,108,000	953,244	59¼	59¼

For footnote see end of table, p. 909.